



Audit Committee Horsham District Council Parkside Chart Way Horsham RH12 1RL

13 November 2024

Dear Audit Committee

Completion Report for Those Charged With Governance

Attached is our Completion Report for Those Charged With Governance. The purpose of this report is to provide the Audit Committee of Horsham District Council (the Authority) with a detailed complete report covering our approach and outcomes of the 2022/23.

Given that Statutory Instrument (2024) No. 907 - "The Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024" (the SI) imposes a backstop date of 13 December 2024 by which date we are required to issue our opinion on the financial statements, we have considered whether the time constraints imposed by the backstop date mean that we cannot complete all necessary procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate audit evidence to support the opinion and fulfil all the objectives of all relevant ISAs (UK).

This decision is in line with ISA 200: Failure to Achieve an Objective 24.

If an objective in a relevant ISA (UK) cannot be achieved, the auditor shall evaluate whether this prevents the auditor from achieving the overall objectives of the auditor and thereby requires the auditor, in accordance with the ISAs (UK), to modify the auditor's opinion or withdraw from the engagement (where withdrawal is possible under applicable law or regulation). Failure to achieve an objective represents a significant matter requiring documentation in accordance with ISA (UK) 230 (Revised June 2016).4 (Ref: Para. A77&A78)

Taking the above into account, for the year ended 31 March 2023 we have determined that we cannot meet the objectives of the ISAs(UK) and we anticipate issuing a disclaimed audit report.

In completing our work for this audit year, we have taken into account Statutory Instrument (2024) No. 907 - "The Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024", Local Authority Reset and Recovery Implementation Guidance. We have also taken into account the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the National Audit Office's 2020 Code of Audit Practice (including recent 2024 updates), the Statement of Responsibilities issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) Ltd, auditing standards and other professional requirements. Against this backdrop, we have also considered the Committee's service expectations.

This report considers the impact of Government proposals to clear the backlog in local audit and put the local audit system on a sustainable footing. The joint statement on the update to proposals to clear the backlog and embed timely audit recognises that timely, high-quality financial reporting and audit of local bodies is a vital part of our democratic system. Not only does it support good decision making by local bodies, by enabling them to plan effectively, make informed decisions and manage their services, it ensures transparency and accountability to local taxpayers. All stakeholders have a critical role to play in addressing the audit backlog.

The Audit Committee, as the Authority's body charged with governance, has an essential role in ensuring that it has assurance over both the quality of the draft financial statements prepared by management and the Authority's wider arrangements to support the delivery of a timely and efficient audit.

We consider and report on the adequacy of the Authority's external financial reporting arrangements and the effectiveness of the Audit committee in fulfilling its role in those arrangements as part of our assessment of Value for Money arrangements and consider the use of other statutory reporting powers to draw attention to weaknesses in those arrangements where we consider it necessary to do so.

We draw the Audit Committee members and officers' attention to the Public Sector Audit Appointment Limited's Statement of Responsibilities (paragraphs 26-28) which clearly set out what is expected of audited bodies in preparing their financial statements (see Appendix A).

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Audit Committee, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yours faithfully

Elizabeth Jackson

Partner

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

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Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued the "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website. The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment and further guidance (updated July 2021)" issued by the PSAA (https://www.psaa.co.UK/managing-audit-quality/terms-of-appointment/terms-of-appoint

This report is made solely to the **Audit Committee and management of Horsham District Council**. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the **Audit Committee and management of Horsham District Council** those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the **Audit Committee and management of Horsham District Council** for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.

Horsham District Council - Completion report for TCWG



Executive Summary - System wide and local context

Context for the audit - Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) and Financial Reporting Council (FRC) measures to address local audit delays

Timely, high-quality financial reporting and audit of local bodies is a vital part of our democratic system. It supports good decision making by local bodies and ensures transparency and accountability to local taxpayers. There is general agreement that the backlog in the publication of audited financial statements by local bodies has grown to an unacceptable level and there is a clear recognition that all stakeholders in the sector need to work together to address this. Reasons for the backlog across the system have been widely reported and include:

- Lack of capacity within the local authority financial accounting professions
- Increased complexity of reporting requirements within the sector
- Lack of capacity within audit firms with public sector experience
- Increased regulatory pressure on auditors, which in turn has increased the scope and extent of audit procedures performed

The previous Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities and more recently MHCLG, has worked collaboratively with the FRC, as incoming shadow system leader, and other system partners, to develop and implement measures to clear the backlog. Statutory Instrument (2024) No. 907 - "The Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024" (the SI), together with the updated NAO Code of Audit Practice 2024 and the Local Authority Reset and Recovery Implementation Guidance, which have all been developed to ensure auditor compliance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), consist of three phases:

- ▶ Phase 1: Reset involving clearing the backlog of historic audit opinions up to and including financial year 2022/23 by 13 December 2024.
- ▶ Phase 2: Recovery from Phase 1 in a way that does not cause a recurrence of the backlog by using backstop dates to allow assurance to be rebuilt over multiple audit cycles.
- ▶ Phase 3: Reform involving addressing systemic challenges in the local audit system and embedding timely financial reporting and audit.

As a result of the system wide implementation of backstop dates we anticipate issuing a disclaimed audit opinion on the Council's 2022/23 accounts. The proposed disclaimer of the Council's 2022/23 accounts impacts the audit procedures that we have planned and undertaken to gain assurance on the 2022/23 financial statements and the form of the audit report.

Local Background and Context

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Horsham District Council has been in a position to present draft statements of account for audit within the regulatory timeframe in recent years and published the 2022/23 financial statements by 31 May 2023.

Due to audit resource constraints, we were unable to schedule the 2021/22 audit in order to meet the reporting timeline of 30 September 2022, and instead completed the audit in March 2023. We then did not have the audit resource necessary to perform the 2022/23 audit for the Council before the back stop date.

Executive Summary - Council responsibilities

Responsibilities of Authority management and those charged with governance

For the planned measures to be successful and the current backlog to be addressed it is vital that all stakeholders properly discharge their responsibilities.

The Council's Section 151 Officer is responsible for preparing the statement of accounts in accordance with proper practices and confirming they give a true and fair view of the financial position at the reporting date and of its expenditure and income for the year ended 31 March 2024. To allow the audit to be completed on a timely and efficient basis it is essential that the financial statements are supported by high quality working papers and audit evidence and that Council resources are readily available to support the audit process, within agreed deadlines. The Audit Committee, as the Council's body charged with governance, has an essential role in ensuring that it has assurance over both the quality of the draft financial statements prepared by management and the Council's wider arrangements to support the delivery of a timely and efficient audit. Where this is not done, we will:

- ▶ Consider and report on the adequacy of the Council's external financial reporting arrangements as part of our assessment of Value for Money arrangements.
- ► Consider the use of other statutory reporting powers to draw attention to weaknesses in Council financial reporting arrangements where we consider it necessary to do so.
- ▶ Seek a fee variation for the cost of additional resources needed to discharge our responsibilities. We have set out this and other factors that will lead to a fee variation at Appendix B of this report together with, at Appendix E, paragraphs 26-28 of PSAA's Statement of Responsibilities which clearly set out what is expected of audited bodies in preparing their financial statements.
- ▶ Impact the availability of audit resource available to complete the audit work in advance of any applicable backstop dates.

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Executive Summary - Report structure and work completed

Report structure and work completed

This report covers the work we have completed to meet the requirements of the International Standards on Auditing (UK&I), (ISAs) and the Local Audit Reset and Recovery Implementation Guidance (LARRIGS) along with the National Audit Office Value for Money Code (NAO VFM Code). It has been split into the following sections

Section 1 - Executive Summary - this section setting out the national and local context and the structure of our report.

Section 2 - Work Plan - We have completed the following planning tasks:

- ▶ Required independence procedures.
- Set a level of materiality.

DARDROOM

- ▶ Issued letters of inquiry to Management, Those Charged with Governance, the Head of Internal Audit and the Monitoring Officer.
- ▶ Updated our understanding of the business, including through review of responses to inquiry letters, minute review and in discussion in our internal planning meeting,
- ▶ Identified significant, inherent and other areas of higher risk or focus.
- Considered any other matters that may require reporting to regulators or which may result in a modification to the audit report e.g. non-compliance with laws and regulations, objections, significant weaknesses in arrangements for value for money, any matters that may result in the use of the auditor's powers.

Section 3 - Results and findings - Work completed to issue the disclaimer, findings and results:

- Review of the financial statements.
- Consideration of any matters that came to light during our planning and review procedures in relation to laws and regulations, fraud, related parties, litigation and claims, significant changes to contracts and systems, service organisations, which we report as appropriate.
- Reporting on any other matters that may require the use of the auditor's powers, formal reporting or a modification to the auditor's report e.g. non-compliance with laws and regulations, objections, significant weaknesses in arrangements for value for money, any matters that may result in the use of the auditor's powers.

Section 4 - Value for money reporting

▶ The value for money report covering the year to 31 March 2023.

Section 5 - Appendices



02 Work Plan

Work Plan - Audit Scope

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Audit scope

This Completion report covers the work that we performed in relation to:

- ▶ Our audit opinion on whether the financial statements of the Council give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2023 and of the income and expenditure for the year then ended; and
- ► Our commentary on your arrangements to secure value for money in your use of resources for the relevant period. We include further details on VFM in Section 04.

We will also review and report to the National Audit Office (NAO), to the extent and in the form required by them, on the Council's Whole of Government Accounts return

Our audit will also include the mandatory procedures that we are required to perform in accordance with applicable laws and auditing standards.

When planning the audit we take into account several key inputs:

- ▶ Strategic, operational and financial risks relevant to the financial statements;
- ▶ Developments in financial reporting and auditing standards;
- ► The quality of systems and processes;
- ▶ Changes in the business and regulatory environment; and
- ▶ Management's views on all of the above.

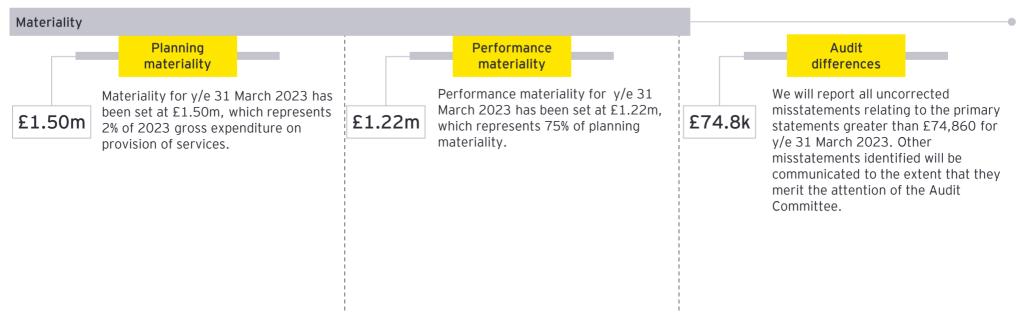
Given that Accounts and Audit (amendment) Regulations 2024 the UK Statutory Instrument 2024 no. 907 set a backstop date of 13 December 2024 by which date we are required to issue our opinion on the financial statements, we have considered whether the time constraints imposed by the backstop date mean that we cannot complete all necessary procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate audit evidence to support the opinion and fulfil all the objectives of all relevant ISAs (UK).

This decision is in line with ISA 200: Failure to Achieve an Objective 24.

If an objective in a relevant ISA (UK) cannot be achieved, the auditor shall evaluate whether this prevents the auditor from achieving the overall objectives of the auditor and thereby requires the auditor, in accordance with the ISAs (UK), to modify the auditor's opinion or withdraw from the engagement (where withdrawal is possible under applicable law or regulation). Failure to achieve an objective represents a significant matter requiring documentation in accordance with ISA (UK) 230 (Revised June 2016).4 (Ref: Para. A77&A78)

Taking the above into account, for the year ended 31 March 2023 we have determined that we cannot meet the objectives of the ISAs (UK) and we anticipate issuing a disclaimed audit report.

Work Plan - Materiality



In order to ascertain the significance of issues in the draft financial statements we have set materiality based on the published draft financial statements for 2022/23.

Work Plan - Significant, inherent and other risk areas

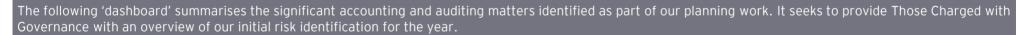


Audit risks and areas of focus

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Risk/area of focus	Applicable year	Risk identified	Change from PY	Details
Misstatement due to fraud or error	31 March 2023	Fraud risk	No change	As identified in ISA 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that would otherwise appear to be operating effectively. In addition to our overall response, we consider where these risks may manifest themselves and identify separate fraud risks as necessary below.
Inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure	31 March 2023	Fraud Risk	No change	As noted above, under ISA 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud through the override of controls. We have identified the inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure on property, plant and equipment as an area of risk.
Valuation of retail investment property	31 March 2023	Significant risk	No change	The Council holds a significant investment in retail property. The valuation of property is complex and subject to several assumptions and judgements. A small movement in these assumptions can have a material impact on the financial statements.
				Difficulties in the retails sector have led to many retailers, including well-known names, closing stores, going into administration, or otherwise looking to reduce their rental costs by renegotiating existing leases.
				These difficulties have had a direct impact on the value of the retail units (high street shops, out of town retail parks and shopping centres) leased to retailers.
Valuation of land and buildings and investment property	31 March 2023	Inherent risk	No change	Land and Buildings (L&B) and non-retail Investment Properties (IP) represent significant balances in the Council's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges. Material judgemental inputs and estimation techniques are required to calculate the year-end L&B and IP balances held in the balance sheet. We have assessed these assets at a lower risk level than retail investment property as they are subject to less fluctuation. However, the Council's asset base is significant, and the outputs from the valuers are subject to estimation, there is a higher risk that L&B and IP (non-retail) may be under/overstated or the associated accounting entries incorrectly posted.

Work Plan - Significant, inherent and other risk areas



Audit risks and areas of focus

DARDROOM

Risk/area of focus	Applicable	Risk identified	Change from PY	Details
Pension Asset Valuation	31 March 2023	Inherent risk	No change	The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice and IAS19 require the Council / Authority to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding its membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme. Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. ISAs (UK) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

Work Plan - Independence

The FRC Ethical Standard 2019 and ISA (UK) 260 'Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance', requires us to communicate with you on a timely basis on all significant facts and matters that bear upon our integrity, objectivity and independence. The Ethical Standard, as revised in December 2019, requires that we communicate formally both at the planning stage and at the conclusion of the audit, as well as during the course of the audit if appropriate. The aim of these communications is to ensure full and fair disclosure by us to those charged with your governance on matters in which you have an interest.

Required communications

Planning stage

- ► The principal threats, if any, to objectivity and independence identified by Ernst & Young (EY) including consideration of all relationships between you, your affiliates and directors and us;
- ▶ The safeguards adopted and the reasons why they are considered to be effective, including any Engagement Quality review:
- ► The overall assessment of threats and safeguards:
- ▶ Information about the general policies and process within EY to maintain objectivity and independence

Final stage

- ▶ In order for you to assess the integrity, objectivity and independence of the firm and each covered person, we are required to provide a written disclosure of relationships (including the provision of nonaudit services) that may bear on our integrity, objectivity and independence. This is required to have regard to relationships with the entity, its directors and senior management, its affiliates, and its connected parties and the threats to integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence that these create. We are also required to disclose any safeguards that we have put in place and why they address such threats, together with any other information necessary to enable our objectivity and independence to be assessed:
- ▶ Details of non-audit/additional services provided and the fees charged in relation thereto;
- ▶ Written confirmation that the firm and each covered person is independent and, if applicable, that any non-EY firms used in the group audit or external experts used have confirmed their independence to us:
- ▶ Details of any non-audit/additional services to a UK PIE audit client where there are differences of professional opinion concerning the engagement between the Ethics Partner and Engagement Partner and where the final conclusion differs from the professional opinion of the Ethics Partner
- ▶ Details of any inconsistencies between FRC Ethical Standard and your policy for the supply of non-audit services by EY and any apparent breach of that policy;
- ▶ Details of all breaches of the IESBA Code of Ethics, the FRC Ethical Standard and professional standards. and of any safeguards applied and actions taken by EY to address any threats to independence; and
- ► An opportunity to discuss auditor independence issues.

In addition, during the course of the audit, we are required to communicate with you whenever any significant judgements are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place, for example, when accepting an engagement to provide non-audit services.

We ensure that the total amount of fees that EY and our network firms have charged to you and your affiliates for the provision of services during the reporting period, analysed in appropriate categories, are disclosed.

Work Plan - Independence

We highlight the following significant facts and matters that may be reasonably considered to bear upon our objectivity and independence, including the principal threats, if any, We have adopted the safeguards noted below to mitigate these threats along with the reasons why they are considered to be effective. However we will only perform non-audit services if the service has been pre-approved in accordance with your policy.

Overall Assessment

Overall, we consider that the safeguards that have been adopted appropriately mitigate the principal threats identified and we therefore confirm that EY is independent and the objectivity and independence of Elizabeth Jackson, your audit engagement partner and the audit engagement team have not been compromised.

Self interest threats

A self interest threat arises when EY has financial or other interests in your company. Examples include where we have an investment in your company; where we receive significant fees in respect of non-audit services; where we need to recover long outstanding fees; or where we enter into a business relationship with you. At the time of writing, there are no long outstanding fees.

We believe that it is appropriate for us to undertake those permitted non-audit/additional services set out in Section 5.40 of the FRC Ethical Standard 2019 (FRC ES), and we will comply with the policies that you have approved.

None of the services are prohibited under the FRC's ES and the services have been approved in accordance with your policy on pre-approval. In addition, when the ratio of non-audit fees to audit fees exceeds 1:1, we are required to discuss this with our Ethics Partner, as set out by the FRC ES, and if necessary agree additional safeguards or not accept the nonaudit engagement. We will also discuss this with you.

At the time of writing, there are no non-audit fees. No additional safeguards are required.

A self interest threat may also arise if members of our audit engagement team have objectives or are rewarded in relation to sales of non-audit services to you. We confirm that no member of our audit engagement team, including those from other service lines, has objectives or is rewarded in relation to sales to you, in compliance with Ethical Standard part 4. There are no other self interest threats at the date of this report.

Self review threats

Self review threats arise when the results of a non-audit service performed by EY or others within the EY network are reflected in the amounts included or disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no self review threats at the date of this report.

Management threats

Partners and employees of EY are prohibited from taking decisions on behalf of management of your company. Management threats may also arise during the provision of a non-audit service in relation to which management is required to make judgements or decision based on that work.

There are no management threats at the date of this report.

Other threats

Other threats, such as advocacy, familiarity or intimidation, may arise.

There are no other threats at the date of this report.



DARDROOM Results and findings





Status of the audit

The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures were outstanding at the date of this report.

- ► Completion of subsequent events procedures;
- ► Receipt of a signed management representation letter

Given that the audit process is still ongoing, we will continue to consider existing and new information which could influence our final audit opinion.

Value for Money

Our value for money (VFM) work is complete and reported in Section 04 of this report. We identified no risk of significant weaknesses. Having updated and completed the planned procedures in these areas we did not identify a significant weakness. See Section 04 of the report for further details.

Audit differences

We identified 3 differences in the 2022/23 draft financial statements opening balances which are summarised here:

- ▶ Draft FS Note 24 (Leases) Total PY amount totals to £18.669 million, whereas this is £19.243 million per the signed prior year FS
- Draft FS Note 19 (Usable Reserves) Transfer to/from other reserves 2021/22 totals to £5.277 million, whereas this is £6.269 million per the signed prior year FS
- ▶ Draft FS Note 14 (Financial Instruments) Short Term Credit Rating 31/03/2022 totals to £7.59 million, these are the 2021 figures and should be £31.106 million per the signed prior year FS.

The Council should ensure that in approving the Statement of Accounts, all prior year comparatives agree to the final set of prior year Statement of Accounts, or explanations for prior year adjustments have been set out by the Section 151 Officer.

Other Reporting Issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Council. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

The Comptroller and Auditor General has confirmed that he plans to issue his opinion and certificate on the 2022-23 Whole of Government Accounts on 22 November 2024. Given we expect to issue our 2022/23 audit report after that date but before the statutory backstop of 13 December 2024, we therefore expect to be able to certify completion of the audit as part of our final 2022/23 audit report.

We did not receive any questions or objections to the Council's financial statements from any member of the public following the inspection period.

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Council to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest").

We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

DARDROOM Results and findings



Areas of audit focus

In our Audit Plan we identified a number of key areas of focus for our audit of the financial report of Horsham District Council. We concluded we would disclaim the audit and therefore have not completed detailed audit testing on these areas but instead have reported any matters that came to light from the work we did complete.

There are no matters, other than those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Audit Committee.

Control observations

During the audit, we did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Independence

Further to our review of independence in section 02 of this report we have not identified any issues to bring to your attention.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Authority's financial reporting process. They include the following:

- ▶ Significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;
- ▶ Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit;
- ▶ Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management;
- ► Written representations we have requested;
- ► Expected modifications to the audit report;
- ▶ Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process;
- ► Related parties;
- ► External confirmations:

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- ► Going concern;
- ► Consideration of laws and regulations, and
- ► Group accounts.

We have no other matters to report.

Results and findings - Audit Report



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HORSHAM DISTRICT COUNCIL

Disclaimer of opinion

We were engaged to audit the financial statements of Horsham District Council ('the Council') for the year ended 31 March 2023. The financial statements comprise the:

- Movement in Reserves Statement.
- Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.
- Balance Sheet.
- Cash Flow Statement.
- the related notes 1 to 32 including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- Collection Fund and the related notes 1 to 3.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets (November 2022).

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements of the Council. Because of the significance of the matter described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Basis for disclaimer of opinion

The Accounts and Audit (Amendment) Regulations 2024 (Statutory Instrument 2024/907) which came into force on 30 September 2024 requires the accountability statements for this financial year to be approved not later than 13 December 2024.

We completed the audit of the 2021/22 financial statements and issued our audit opinion on 15 August 2023.

The backstop date and the wider requirements of the local audit system reset meant we did not have the required resources available to complete the detailed audit procedures that would be needed to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to issue an unmodified audit report on the 2022/23 financial statements.

Matters on which we report by exception

Notwithstanding our disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements, performed subject to the pervasive limitation described above, we have nothing to report in respect of whether the annual governance statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Council.

We report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)

Results and findings - Audit Report (cont'd)

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Our opinion on the financial statements

- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
 - we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- we are not satisfied that the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2023.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Responsibility of the Director of Resources

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Director of Resources' Responsibilities set out on page 9, the Director of Resources is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets (November 2022), and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for such internal control as the Director of Resources determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Director of Resources is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Council either intends to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy,

efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Council's financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and to issue an auditor's report.

However, because of the matter described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

We are independent of the Council in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Code of Audit Practice 2024 and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice 2024. having regard to the guidance on the specified reporting criteria issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in January 2023, as to whether Horsham District Council had proper arrangements for financial sustainability, governance and improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness. The Comptroller and Auditor General determined these criteria as those necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether Horsham District Council put in place proper

Results and findings - Audit Report (cont'd)

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Our opinion on the financial statements

arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2023.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects. Horsham District Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of the accounts of Horsham District Council in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of Horsham District Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of

Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Council and the Council's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Elizabeth Jackson (Kev Audit Partner) Ernst & Young LLP (Local Auditor) Luton XX November 2024

The following footnote does not form part of our Auditor's Report:

Additional information related to the disclaimer of opinion is set out in Completion Report for Those Charged with Governance dated 27 November 2024, available on the Council's website, which includes further explanations about the implementation of the statutory instrument which led to the disclaimer of our opinion on the financial statements.



DARDROOM **VFM - Executive Summary**



Purpose

Auditors are required to be satisfied that Horsham District Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in their use of resources. We do not issue a 'conclusion' or 'opinion', but where significant weaknesses are identified we will report by exception in the auditor's opinion on the financial statements. In addition, auditors provide an annual commentary on arrangements published as part of the Auditor's Annual Report to comply with the requirements of the 2020 Code of Audit Practice (updated for 2024) and Auditor Guidance Note 3 (AGN 03). For 2022/23, the annual commentary is included in this report.

The 2024 Code has reduced the scope of the VFM reporting up to and including the 2022/23 financial year. However, in the February 2024 consultation on the new Code, the NAO stated that where auditors have begun or already undertaken work that no longer falls under the reduced scope, they may still report on it in accordance with paragraph 13 of Schedule 3 of the 2024 Code. EY are continuing to report VFM in line with our existing responsibilities as set out in the 2020 Code to ensure a smooth transition to the 2023/24 audit year when auditors are required to meet the full Code reporting responsibilities.

Risks of Significant Weakness

In undertaking our procedures to understand the body's arrangements against the specified reporting criteria, we identify whether there are risks of significant weakness which require us to complete additional risk-based procedures. AGN 03 sets out considerations for auditors in completing and documenting their work and includes consideration of:

- our cumulative audit knowledge and experience as your auditor;
- reports from internal audit which may provide an indication of arrangements that are not operating effectively:
- our review of committee reports:
- information from external sources; and
- evaluation of associated documentation through our regular engagement with management and the finance team.

DARDROOM VFM - Executive Summary (continued)

Reporting

We completed our risk assessment and any detailed audit procedures and did not identify any significant weaknesses in the Council's VFM arrangements.

The detailed arrangements and processes underpinning the reporting criteria as reported in our 2021/22 Auditor's Annual Report were updated for 2022/23 and reported in our Interim VFM Report that was presented to the Audit Committee on 18 March 2024.

Reporting Criteria	Risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements identified?	Actual significant weaknesses in arrangements identified?
Financial sustainability: How the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services	No significant risks identified	No significant weakness identified
Governance: How the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks	No significant risks identified	No significant weakness identified
Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: How the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services	No significant risks identified	No significant weakness identified

Value for Money Commentary

Financial Sustainability: How the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services

No significant weakness identified

Budget outturn report

Horsham District Council have a detailed budget process. The budget is monitored on a monthly basis and quarterly reports are made to the Overview & Scrutiny Committee. This is reported to the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) and Quarter budget monitoring reports to Cabinet. Finance and budget holders prepare monthly forecasting. The Director of Resources holds regular meetings with the Cabinet member for Finance and Resources to discuss financial strategy.

The final operational outturn is a £0.26m surplus for the year after agreeing a carry forward of £0.15m. Rising inflation rates have driven up utility and maintenance costs in housing. there is also in increase in housing need throughout the district, resulting in the service spending £0.59m more than originally budgeted. Significant increases in the cost of HVO fuel and vehicle parts as well as increased staffing costs and medical collection caused a £0.88m overspend in Recycling, Waste and Fleet. These overspends and salary pressures were offset by additional income of £1.35m from the Council's investment activities from higher interest rates and £0.58m additional income from town centre parking.

Spend was £5.19m (43%) of the £12.1m capital budget. £0.95m (7%) was spent in M12. A total 14 of the 56 projects did not start, the largest being Oakhurst extension totalling £1m. There were other notable underspends of £1.3m new vehicles, £1.2m on energy efficiency improvements and £1m on public realm. The Council needs to ensure that the capital programme plans are realistic and achievable.

Medium Term Financial Strategy

The Council is budgeting for breakeven in 2023/24. The net budget requirement for 2023/24, at £13.5m, is £1.2m higher than (£12.3m) in 2022/23, reflecting the significant impact of annual inflationary and salary cost-pressures.

The Council has been able to set a balanced budget in 2023/24 using the one-off Funding Guarantee Grant and due to the increase in fees and charges it agreed in the budget and higher investment income from interest rate rises. No reserves had to be used to balance the 2023/24 budget. Significant projected budget deficits in the latter two years of the Medium-Term Financial Strategy are caused by ongoing inflation and costs from the introduction of food-waste. Whilst consideration about the closure of these future budget gaps should be in the Council's thoughts now, no immediate action is needed in the short term until the uncertainty clears.

An £8.5m capital programme is proposed in 2023/24. To ensure the sufficiency of reserves in future years, officers have updated the indicative list of infrastructure replacement and improvement needed over the next eight years. At the current time, the Council does not have any external borrowing for the capital programme.

Financial Sustainability: How the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services

No significant weakness identified

The Council agreed in October 2012 on a minimum level of general reserves of £6m. The budget gaps over the Medium-Term Financial Strategy amount to £3.1m. The general fund is anticipated to stand at around £20m at 31 March 2023, remaining well above the £6m level throughout the Medium-Term Financial Strategy period unless any further information from the Government or changes in the economy indicate a substantial worsening of our financial position beyond that currently predicted.

The Medium-Term Financial Strategy takes a prudent but balanced view of the financial future, but the Council recognises that continuing to take further action is also important to also help mitigate the risks that the Council faces over the medium-term.

The Council has a good track record of delivering transformational programmes. The Council is well progressed with a major programme of digital transformation to meet the demands and expectations of their customers, funded from reserves, and this has delivered savings expected to date. However, the Council believes there is limited further scope for making savings through efficiencies. Therefore, the Council will have to fill the future budget gaps from either reserves, making capital investments to generate revenue income or from future provision of non-statutory services.

The Council also committed to tackling climate change and on 24 September 2020, the Cabinet set an aspirational target for the Council's direct emissions to be carbon neutral by 2030. The medium-term financial plan sets out a high-level estimate of the cost of the Council becoming carbon neutral was also completed. This was calculated to be around £33m although there are no detailed financial plans for achieving this level of investment. In 2022/23, £1m across capital and revenue was committed to boost the work needed to reduce carbon emissions and improve the environment in the district.

The annual reviews are done and approved every February. The constant review of the forecasts enables the Council to identify and manage risks to financial resilience. We also note that the projected budget on the revenue account in 2024/25 to 2026/27 are noted and the medium term financial strategy continues to be reviewed and refined to ensure that decisions are taken to set balanced budgets in these three years.

Conclusion: Based on the work performed to date, the Council had proper arrangements in place in 2022/23 to enable it to plan and manage its resources to ensure that it can continue to deliver its services.

Governance: How the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks

No significant weakness identified

Horsham District council maintains its risk register ordered by RAG. We have inspected the risk register, we note that risk reviews are performed and reviewed at governing body level which means the governing level reviews organisational risks regularly. Therefore, we note that the Council has procedures in place to review and address identified risks. The risk register is also regularly reviewed by the Audit Committee who challenge the risks included and gain assurance that the right risks and mitigations are included.

Annual Governance Statement for 22/23

We have reviewed the draft Horsham District Council Annual Governance Statement for the period 2022/23 and confirmed the effectiveness of the system of internal controls and maintenance of effective financial management system. This includes the Authority's own review of their Governance Arrangements and risks to these arrangements.

The 2021/22 AGS included an action plan for 2022/23. Progress against the risks identified is reported in Appendix D of the 2022/23 AGS.

In 2022/23, there were no significant issues that needed immediate reporting to the Audit Committee.

Internal Audit reports from the year and anything issued since end of 22/23, including the Annual Report setting out the Head of IA's Opinion for the year and any counter fraud reports

Internal audit is part of the Council governance and risk structure and its outsourced to third party firm (Orbis). Based on our accumulated audit knowledge, this is a reputable firm and we have not noted any issues in their work in based on their prior year reports. In addition to internal audit reviews, Orbis also provides operational reviews where they give a more narrative conclusion with recommendations. We consider these arrangements to be appropriate and of a good standard covering the risk of fraud and effectiveness of controls. In addition, there are a number of policies in place to prevent and detect fraud. Furthermore, we note that in terms of corrective action, Council takes actions against internal audit recommendations for both full audits and for operational reviews and the audit committee holds management to account for these actions.

Based on the annual internal audit work completed, the Chief Internal Auditor can provide reasonable assurance that Horsham District Council has in place an adequate and effective framework of governance, risk management and internal control for the period 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023.

Governance: How the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks

No significant weakness identified

However, internal audit activities have identified a few areas where the operation of internal controls has not been fully effective, as reflected by the three partial and one minimal assurance issued in the year. None of these lead to any weakness for the value for money reporting.

Each year a significant proportion of Internal Audit's time is spent reviewing the Council's key financial systems. Of those completed during 2022/23, all have resulted in either a substantial or reasonable assurance opinion being provided over the control environment, with the exception of Parking Income which will be formally followed up in 2023/24.

We know from our review of minutes for the meetings of the council, cabinet and audit committee, and attendance at meeting and review of the minutes from these meetings, that these committees meet regularly and that key issues are addressed with effective challenge from members. The Audit Committee perform an annual review of their effectiveness, which includes responses from internal and external audit. The council also include review of the effectiveness and compliance with key policies such as gifts and hospitality, declarations/conflicts of interest in the Internal Audit programme.

The Council published their draft 2022/23 financial statements for audit on the 30 May 2023, in line with the Audit and Accounts regulations, and advertised and held an inspection period for members of the public in line with these regulations. We confirm that the 2022/23 draft financial statements were arithmetically correct, agreed to the data in the general ledger, and were prepared in line with the content required by the CIPFA Code. We identified two casting errors, one on the CIES and one on Note 30 of the financial statements, however these had no impact on actual financial figures reported in the statements and management have agreed to correct the errors. The Council has carried out bank reconciliations during the year. Therefore, appropriate arrangements for financial reporting were in place during 2022/23.

Conclusion: Based on the work performed to date, the Council had proper arrangements in place in 2022/23 to make informed decisions and properly manage its risks.

Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: How the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

No significant weakness identified

The Council has a Senior Leadership Team (SLT) which monitors both financial and non-financial performance information and challenges officers where there are any departures from plans or expectation.

The Council have a functional Internal audit function which produce operational reports on some key areas which demonstrate that they are still taking action to deliver their services effectively and timely. Furthermore, the Council annually produce a Key Performance indicators report dashboard. The Q2 report for 2023/24 consists of 34 KPIs which were assessed with 67% meeting the target. This demonstrates that the Council indeed evaluates the services it provides to assess performance and identify areas for improvement.

Narrative Statement

The Council's Narrative Report is included in their draft 2022/23 Financial Statements. The report is prepared by the Director of Resources and Head of Finance and Performance based on the requirements of the CIPFA Code.

The performance figures for the 2022/23 year were reported quarterly to Overview and Scrutiny Committee, with the final outturn reported in June. The Council also reviewed delivery of the Corporate Plan objectives at this meeting.

The Council had nine red performance indicators at 31 March 2023, five of which are in Housing Services and Revenues and Benefits. Performance outside the target is the result of an increase in demand and the accumulation of additional burdens since the outbreak of Covid-19 and then the cost-of-living crisis.

The rising inflation rates and increased cost-of-living has had a significant impact on the lives of Horsham residents and businesses during 2022/23. The Council has also been affected by higher levels of expenditure, but despite increased costs, the Council produced an operational surplus of £0.26m, benefiting from the sharp increase to the Bank of England base rate on its treasury management investment income.

The Council set a balanced budget for 2022/23 in February 2022. The ongoing risk though is that the Council will not be able to generate income levels sufficient to maintain the cost rises created by the high rate of inflation we are experiencing. Early identification of issues will help the Council take action to further mitigate overspends and reduce the impact on cash flows. A £1m earmarked reserve for inflationary pressures remains in the earmarked reserves and is available to mitigate the risk of inflation related overspends in 2023/24 as well as the Council being able to use existing reserves if needed to support residents.

Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: How the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

No significant weakness identified

The Medium-Term Financial Strategy will be regularly revisited during 2023/24 as it was in 2022/23, updating the assumptions.

The Council's cash flow though remains healthy. At the current year-end, the Council has £8m of cash and cash equivalents. The value of treasury investments including those classified as cash and cash equivalents ended the year at £75m.

Treasury Management Strategy and monitoring reports for debt and investment decisions

In the most recent issue of the Capital Strategy and treasury management, the Council highlights any investment and treasury management plans for the year 2024/25 and analyses the economy and other factors relating to finances beyond 2023. There is nothing to note for the year 2022/23 regarding investments and other related subjects.

The Council is typically cash-rich in the short-term as revenue income is received before it is spent, but cash poor in the long-term as capital expenditure is incurred before being financed. The revenue cash surpluses are offset against capital cash shortfalls to reduce overall borrowings.

The actual internal borrowing for 2022/23 is nil and actual investments is £75m. The Council is not expecting to borrow long-term funds although it may need shortterm borrowing if short term cash flow issues require it.

We maintain the understanding of the entity through review of minutes and agendas of key meetings of the Council, and through periodic discussion with key officers including Chief Executive and Director of Resources - quarterly meetings. In addition, we write to management to update our understanding in specific areas for ISA compliance.

From our minute reviews, meetings with management and general audit work we are generally satisfied with the entity's compliance with laws and regulations.

Conclusion: Based on the work performed to date, the Council had proper arrangements in place in 2022/23 to enable it to plan and manage its resources to ensure that it can continue to deliver its services.



Management representation letter

This is the draft management letter template which Management will tailor and send back signed and dated prior to the opinion being issued.

Management Rep Letter

[To be prepared on the entity's letterhead]

[Date]

Ernst & Young

This letter of representations is provided connection with your audit of the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements of [name of entity] ("the [Group and] authority") for the year ended [balance sheet date]. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements give a true and fair view of (or 'present fairly, in all material respects,') the [Group and] authority financial position of [name of entity] as of [balance sheet date] and of its financial performance (or operations) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with, for the [Group and] the Authority, CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 20xx/xx (as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets (November 2022).

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist. Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with, for the [Group and the parent] Authority, the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 20xx/xx (as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets (November 2022)].
- 2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the [Group and] authority, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements. We believe the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (or results of operations) and cash flows of the [Group and parent] Authority in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 20xx/xx (as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets (November 2022), and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We have approved the financial statements.
- 3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the [Group and] authority financial statements are appropriately described in the [Group and] authority financial statements.
- 4. As members of management of the [Group and] authority, we believe that the [Group and] authority have a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with [[applicable financial reporting framework] for the Group and] [applicable financial reporting framework] for the Authority that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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- [When there are unadjusted audit differences in the current year] We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements taken as a whole. We have not corrected these differences because [specify reasons for not correcting misstatement].
- 6. [When the comparative figures have been restated] The comparative amounts have been restated to reflect the below matter(s) and appropriate note disclosure of this (these) restatement(s) has (have) also been included in the current year's consolidated and parent Authority financial statements. Add a paragraph providing a brief description of each matter giving rise to a restatement and the amount(s) concerned.] There have been no significant errors or misstatements, or changes in accounting policies, other than the matters described above, that would require a restatement of the comparative amounts in the current year's consolidated and parent Authority financial statements. Other differences in the amounts shown as comparative amounts from the amounts in the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements for the year ended [date] are solely the result of reclassifications for comparative purposes.
- 7. We confirm the [Group and] authority does not have securities (debt or equity) listed on a recognized exchange.
- 8. We have confirmed to you any changes in service organizations within the [Group and] authority since the last audited financial year.

Non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud

- We acknowledge that we are responsible to determine that the [Group and] authority's business activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible to identify and address any noncompliance with applicable laws or regulations, including fraud.
- We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of a system of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and that we believe we have appropriately fulfilled those responsibilities.
- We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- [When management is aware of the occurrence of non-compliance with laws or regulations, or has received allegations of non-compliance with laws and regulations.] We have disclosed to you, and provided you full access to information and any internal investigations relating to, all instances of identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, known to us that may have affected the [Group or] Authority (regardless of the source or form and including, without limitation, allegations by "whistle-blowers"), including non-compliance matters:
- Involving financial improprieties
- Related to laws or regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements
- Related to laws or regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the [Group and] authority's business, its ability to continue in business, or to avoid material penalties

Management representation letter

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Management Rep Letter

- Involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others
- In relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other noncompliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

Information Provided and Completeness of Information and **Transactions**

- We have provided you with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters:
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit: and
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements.
- We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of shareholders, directors and committees of directors (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through the [period] to the most recent meeting on the following date: [list date].

- We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the [Group and] authority's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the [period] end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements.
- We believe that the methods, significant assumptions and the data we used in making accounting estimates and related disclosures are appropriate and consistently applied to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].
- We have disclosed to you, and the [Group and] authority has complied with, 6. all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements in the event of noncompliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- From the date of our last management representation letter through the date of this letter we have disclosed to you, to the extent that we are aware, any (1) unauthorized access to our information technology systems that either occurred or is reasonably likely to have occurred, including of reports submitted to us by third parties (including regulatory agencies, law enforcement agencies and security consultants), to the extent that such unauthorized access to our information technology systems is reasonably likely to have a material effect on the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements, in each case or in the aggregate, and (2) ransomware attacks when we paid or are contemplating paying a ransom, regardless of the amount.

Management representation letter

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Management Rep Letter

- 8. We have disclosed to you, and provided you full access to information and any internal investigations relating to, unauthorized access to our information technology systems that has a material effect on the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements, including disclosures
- **Liabilities and Contingencies**
- All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements
- We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related to litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note [X] to the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.
- **Going Concern**
- Note [X] to the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements discloses all the matters of which we are aware that are relevant to the Group and authority's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, our plans for future action, and the feasibility of those plans.
- F. Subsequent Events
- Other than the events described in Note [X] to the [consolidated and parent] Authority financial statements, there have been no events subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the consolidated and parent Authority financial statements or notes thereto.

Group audits

- There are no significant restrictions on our ability to distribute the retained profits of the Group because of statutory, contractual, exchange control or other restrictions other than those indicated in the Group financial
- Necessary adjustments have been made to eliminate all material intragroup unrealised profits on transactions amongst parent Authority, subsidiary undertakings and associated undertakings.

Other information

- We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information contained within the Narrative Statement and also the Annual Governance Statement.
- We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

Climate-related matters

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge all information that is relevant to the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of climate-related matters has been considered and the [Group and] authority have reflected these in the consolidated and parent financial statements.

Yours faithfully,

(Chief Financial Officer/Finance Director)

(Chairman of the Audit Committee)

Appendix B - Fees

The duty to prescribe fees is a statutory function delegated to Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) by the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government.

This is defined as the fee required by auditors to meet statutory responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice and supporting guidance published by the National Audit Office, the financial reporting requirements set out in the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting published by CIPFA/LASAAC, and the professional standards applicable to auditors' work

The original fees for these years were based on the following assumptions:

- Officers meeting the agreed timetable of deliverables:
- Our accounts opinion and value for money conclusion being unqualified:
- Appropriate quality of documentation is provided by the Council: and
- The Council has an effective control environment
- The Council complies with PSAA's Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies. See https://www.psaa.co.UK/managing-audit-quality/statementof-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies/statementof-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies-from-2023-24-audits/. In particular the Council should have regard to paragraphs 26 - 28 of the Statement of Responsibilities which clearly sets out what is expected of audited bodies in preparing their financial statements. These are set out in full on the previous page.

Due to the reset, the above clearly will not be achieved and we will be liaising with PSAA Ltd to discuss and agree fees.

	Current Year	Scale fee	Prior Year
	£	£	£
Total Fee - Code Work	TBC (Note 1)	51,127	65,823
Total audit	твс	51,127	65,823
Other non-audit services not covered above (Housing benefits	0	0	0
Total other non-audit services	0	0	0
Total fees	твс	51,127	65,823

All fees exclude VAT

Note 1 - PSAA Ltd, in line with the joint statement issued DLUHC (as at that date) and the FRC is responsible for the determination of the final audit fee in respect of 2022/23.

In doing so, PSAA Ltd will apply the principles that where auditors have worked in good faith to meet the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice in place at the time the work was conducted (and have reported on work that is no longer required), then they are due the appropriate fee for the work done, including where their procedures were necessary to conclude the audit by the legislatively imposed backstop date by way of a modified or disclaimed opinion and the body is due to pay the applicable fee.

Appendix C - Required communications with the Audit Committee

We have detailed the communications that we must provide to the audit committee.

		Our Reporting to you	
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where	
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the audit committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.	
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.	
Planning and audit approach	Communication of:	This Completion report for Those Charged with	
	► The planned scope and timing of the audit	Governance	
	 Any limitations on the planned work to be undertaken 		
	► The planned use of internal audit		
	► The significant risks identified		
	When communicating key audit matters this includes the most significant risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) including those that have the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and directing the efforts of the engagement team		
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures 	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance	
	► Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit		
	▶ Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management		
	▶ Written representations that we are seeking		
	 Expected modifications to the audit report 		
	▶ Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process		
	► Findings and issues regarding the opening balance on initial audits (delete if not an initial audit)		

Appendix C - Required communications with the Audit Committee (cont'd)

		Our Reporting to you
Required		
communications	What is reported?	When and where
Going concern	Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including:	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
	 Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty 	
	Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements	
	 The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	
Misstatements	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion, unless prohibited by law or regulation 	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
	► The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods	
	 A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected 	
	 Material misstatements corrected by management 	
Fraud	 Enquiries of the audit committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity 	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
	 Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist 	
	Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, any identified or suspected fraud involving:	
	a. Management;	
	b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or	
	c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements	
	► The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected	
	 Matters, if any, to communicate regarding management's process for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud in the entity and our assessment of the risks of material misstatement due to fraud 	
	 Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Audit Committee responsibility 	

Appendix C - Required communications with the Audit Committee (cont'd)

		our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable:	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
	 Non-disclosure by management 	
	 Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions 	
	 Disagreement over disclosures 	
	 Non-compliance with laws and regulations 	
	 Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity 	
Independence	Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, integrity, objectivity and independence	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
	Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as:	
	► The principal threats	
	 Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness 	
	 An overall assessment of threats and safeguards 	
	► Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence	
	Communication whenever significant judgements are made about threats to integrity, objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place.	
	 A statement of compliance with the Ethical Standard, including any non-EY firms or external experts used in the audit 	
	▶ Details of any inconsistencies between the Ethical Standard and Group's policy for the provision of non-audit services, and any apparent breach of that policy	
	▶ Where EY has determined it is appropriate to apply more restrictive rules than permitted under the Ethical Standard	
	► The audit committee should also be provided an opportunity to discuss matters affecting auditor independence	

Our Reporting to you

Appendix C - Required communications with the Audit Committee (cont'd)

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures 	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
Consideration of laws and regulations	► Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
	► Enquiry of the audit committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the audit committee may be aware of	
Internal controls	► Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
Representations	Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
System of quality management	How the system of quality management (SQM) supports the consistent performance of a quality audit	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
Material inconsistencies and misstatements	Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance
Auditors report	 Key audit matters that we will include in our auditor's report Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report 	This Completion report for Those Charged with Governance

Appendix D - Non-Compliance with Laws and Regulations (NOCLAR)

Non-Compliance with Laws and Regulations includes:

Any act or suspected act of omission or commission (intentional or otherwise) by the entity (including any third parties under the control of the entity such as subsidiaries, those charged with governance or management or an employee acting on behalf of the company), either intentional or unintentional, which are contrary to the prevailing laws or regulations

Management Responsibilities:

"It is the responsibility of management. with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations. including compliance with the provisions of laws and regulations that determine the reported amounts and disclosures in an entity's financial statements.'

"The directors' report must contain a statement to the effect that ... so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information."

ISA 250A para 3

"Management is responsible for communicating to us on a timely basis, to the extent that management or those charged with governance are aware, all instances of identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations ..."

Management's responsibilities are also set out in the International Ethics Standard Board of Accountants' International Code of Ethics (IESBA Code) Para 360.08

Auditor Responsibilities

The International Ethics Standard Board of Accountants' International Code of Ethics (IESBA Code) section 360 sets out the scope and procedures in relation to responding to actual or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations.

Professional accountancy organisations who are members of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC), such as the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) are required to adopt the IESBA Code of Ethics.

We as your auditor are required to comply with the Code by virtue of our registration with ICAFW.

"If the auditor becomes aware of information concerning an instance of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, the auditor shall obtain:

An understanding of the nature of the act and the circumstances in which it has occurred: and Further information to evaluate the possible effect on the financial statements

The auditor shall evaluate the implications of the identified or suspected non-compliance in relation to other aspects of the audit, including the auditor's risk assessment and the reliability of written representations, and take appropriate action."

ISA 250A, paras 19 and 22

Examples of Non-Compliance with Laws and Regulations (NOCLAR)

Matter

ISA 250A, para 3

- Suspected or known fraud or bribery
- ► Health and Safety incident
- Payment of an unlawful dividend
- ▶ Loss of personal data
- Allegation of discrimination in dismissal
- HMRC or other regulatory investigation
- Deliberate journal mis-posting or allegations of financial impropriety
- Transacting business with sanctioned individuals

Implication

- Potential fraud/breach of anti-bribery legislation
- Potential breach of section 2 of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974
- Potential breach of Companies Act 2006
- Potential GDPR breach
- Potential non-compliance with employment laws
- Suspicion of non-compliance with laws/regulations
- Potential fraud / breach of Companies Act 2006
- Potential breach of sanctions regulations

Appendix D - Non-Compliance with Laws and Regulations (NOCLAR) (cont'd)

What are the implications of NOCLAR matters arising?

Depending on the nature and significance of the NOCLAR matter the following steps are likely to be required, involving additional input from both management and audit.

This can have an impact on overall achievability of audit timeline and fees.

Across our portfolio of audits we have seen a steady increase in NOCLAR matters that need to be addressed as part of the audit over the past 3 years



Management response:

Timely communication of the matter to auditors (within a couple of days)

Determine who will carry out any investigation into the matter - in-house or external specialists or mix of hoth

Scope the investigation, in discussion with the auditors

Evaluate findings and agree next steps

Determine effect on financial statements including disclosures

Prepare a paper, summarising the outcome of the investigation and management's conclusions

Communicate the outcome to Those Charged With Governance (TCWG) and to us as your auditors. Report to regulators where required.

Key Reminders:

- Make sure that all areas of the business are aware of what constitutes actual or potential non-compliance and associated requirements
- Communicate with us as vour auditors on a timely basis - do not wait for scheduled audit catch-ups
- Engage external specialists where needed
- Ensure that your investigation assesses any wider potential impacts arising from the matter, not iust the matter itself.
- Plan upfront and consider any impact on overall accounts preparation and audit timeline - discuss the implications with us as your auditor

Audit response:

Initial assessment of the NOCLAR matter and its potential impact

Initial consultation with risk team to determine responsive procedures and the involvement of specialists

Understand and agree scope of management's investigation with support from specialists as needed

Evaluate findings and undertake appropriate audit procedures

Determine audit related impact including accounting and disclosure and audit opinion implications

Document and consult on the outcome of our procedures

Communicate the outcome with management, TCWG and where necessary other auditors within the group or regulators

Appendix E - PSAA Statement of Responsibilities

As set out on the next page our fee is based on the assumption that the Council complies with PSAA's Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies. In particular the Council should have regard to paragraphs 26-28 of the Statement of Responsibilities which clearly set out what is expected of audited bodies in preparing their financial statements. We set out these paragraphs in full below:

Preparation of the statement of accounts

26. Audited bodies are expected to follow Good Industry Practice and applicable recommendations and guidance from CIPFA and, as applicable, other relevant organisations as to proper accounting procedures and controls, including in the preparation and review of working papers and financial statements.

27. In preparing their statement of accounts, audited bodies are expected to:

- prepare realistic plans that include clear targets and achievable timetables for the production of the financial statements:
- ensure that finance staff have access to appropriate resources to enable compliance with the requirements of the applicable financial framework, including having access to the current copy of the CIPFA/LASAAC Code, applicable disclosure checklists, and any other relevant CIPFA Codes.
- assign responsibilities clearly to staff with the appropriate expertise and experience:
- provide necessary resources to enable delivery of the plan:
- maintain adequate documentation in support of the financial statements and, at the start of the audit, providing a complete set of working papers that provide an adequate explanation of the entries in those financial statements including the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the judgements and estimates made by management;
- ensure that senior management monitors, supervises and reviews work to meet agreed standards and deadlines;
- ensure that a senior individual at top management level personally reviews and approves the financial statements before presentation to the auditor; and
- during the course of the audit provide responses to auditor queries on a timely basis.

28. If draft financial statements and supporting working papers of appropriate quality are not available at the agreed start date of the audit, the auditor may be unable to meet the planned audit timetable and the start date of the audit will be delayed.

Appendix F - Other Communications

EY Transparency Report 2024

EY has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained. Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the period ended 30 June 2024 and can be found here: EY UK 2024 Transparency Report | EY – UK.

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